# STATE OF CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE MARKETING BRANCH

PUBLIC HEARING

RELATED TO PROPOSED CHANGES TO THE

QUOTA IMPLEMENTATION PLAN

ONLINE/TELECONFERENCE MEETING

HOSTED BY THE

CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE

SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA

MONDAY
SEPTEMBER 9, 2024
10:00 A.M.

Recorded by: Ramona Cota

# APPEARANCES

## CDFA Panel

Joe Monson, Branch Chief

Ben Kardokus, Agricultural Economist

David Ko, Research Data Analyst II

# CDFA Staff

John Suther, Hearing Officer

Kathy Diaz, Director Marketing Services Division

# Members of the Public Offering Testimony

Frank Konyn

Craig Gordon

Alex DeJager

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# EXHIBITS

Exhibit	Rece	ived
A	Official Notice of Public Forums and a Program Public Hearing issued by the Department of Food and Agriculture on July 1, 2024	12
В	Official Notice of Public Hearing issued by the Department of Food and Agriculture on August 16, 2024	12
С	Quota Implementation Plan (Division 21, Part 3, Chapter 3.5, Section 62757 of the Food and Agriculture Code	12
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G	Official Notice of Industry Referendum to Consider Changes to the QIP Issued by the Department of Food and Agriculture on June 5, 2024	12
Н	5-year Effectiveness Survey Conducted by Research America and Presented to PRB on February 2, 2024	12
I	Public Forums - Department of Food and Agriculture Presentation	12
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# EXHIBITS

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K	Modesto Public Forum Notes - August 8, 2024	12
L	Tulare Public Forum Notes - August 9, 2024	12
М	Quota Implementation Plan (QIP) Assessment Cycle - Presented to PRB on October 23, 2022	12
N	Producer List Update Process - Presented to PRB on February 2, 2024	12
0	United Dairy Families of California Petition to Amend the Quota Implementation Plan (QIP)  i. Phase III - Document A - Choosing the Path Forward to California Dairy ii. Phase III - Document B - Phase II Survey Results iii. Phase III - Document C - Tying Quota Payments to Class I Sales iv. Phase III - Document D - Sunset v. Phase III - Document E - Quota Buyout	12
Р	Quota Implementation Plan Petition Procedures	12
Q	Written Testimony of Craig Gordon	27

### PROCEEDINGS

10:00 a.m.

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HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Good morning. It is 10:00 o'clock on Monday, September 9th, 2024. This hearing will now come to order.

My name is John Suther and I am representing the California Department of Food and Agriculture as the designated hearing officer for today's proceedings. As the hearing officer, my role is to assure orderly and fair submission of testimony and written comments as they relate to the call of the hearing.

The Department has called this public hearing to consider proposed amendments to the Quota Implementation Plan, hereafter to be referred to as the QIP.

This hearing is being conducted pursuant to
Article 3, Section 58061, which is in Chapter 1 of Part 1,
of Division 21, of the Food and Agricultural Code. Under
this provision, the Department may conduct investigations,
make surveys, and assemble facts which are pertinent to the
marketing and to the formulation, administration or
amendment of any marketing order, agreement or program
which is authorized by any law now in effect or which may
hereafter be enacted.

Public notice of this hearing was issued by the Department on August 16, 2024. This notice was posted on

CDFA's website and mailed to all producers of market milk in California. Included with the notice was Exhibit A, which detailed the complete text of the proposed amendments to the QIP. As specified in the Notice, this hearing will be conducted today, Monday, September 9, 2024, via Zoom video and teleconferencing originating in Sacramento, California.

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The hearing transcript, hearing exhibits and written comments submitted for today's hearing will form the official hearing record.

The call of this hearing is limited to the receipt of public comments on the proposed amendments to the QIP. The Department will not respond to comments at this hearing, nor will the Department engage in a discussion about these amendments at this hearing.

Witnesses and members of the public may ask questions directly pertinent to the call of the hearing. Please submit your questions via Chat to the Department and there will be time at the end of the hearing to provide answers to the questions that were submitted. Again, that's an important point. We won't answer any questions during your testimony, we will answer them all at the end of the public comments.

The hearing panel has been selected by the Department to hear testimony and receive evidence on behalf

of the Secretary. This panel is composed of three members of the Department's Marketing Services Division staff.

They are, to my right, Branch Chief Joe Monson; to the far left is Agricultural Economist Ben Kardokus; and seated next to me is Research Data Analyst II David Ko.

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Please note that the panel members may ask some clarifying questions of the witnesses during today's hearing. However, since this is not a judicial proceeding, such questioning may be minimal. Instead, the panel members will focus their attention upon their duty to receive public comment.

The official recorder for today's hearing is Ramona Cota with the firm All American Reporting and Transcription Services, Inc. located in Rancho Cordova, California. A transcript of today's hearing will be produced within approximately two weeks and will be posted on CDFA's website within the Quota Administration Program section. The website is located at www.cdfa.ca.gov/dairy. The transcript with other documents associated with the hearing are also always available to the public upon request.

Testimony and evidence pertinent to the call of the hearing will now be received to become part of the hearing record.

The CDFA Quota Administration Program has

provided a set of general exhibits for entry into the hearing record.

At this time, I would like to call upon Kathy Diaz, Director of Marketing Services, to describe what is included in CDFA's Exhibits.

Ms. Diaz, I would now like to swear you in.

MS. DIAZ: Good morning, Mr. Hearing Officer.

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9 HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Good morning. Please 10 state your name and spell your last name.

MS. DIAZ: Kathy Diaz, D-I-A-Z.

12 Whereupon,

13 KATHY DIAZ

14 was duly sworn.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Please identify your business status. For example, are you testifying today as an individual or a representative of a business entity such as a milk production entity, a milk handler entity, a milk cooperative or an industry associationa?

MS. DIAZ: Today I am representing CDFA, and I will be introducing the exhibits that will be part of the permanent record for today's events and the input that has been gathered by the industry regarding the topic of proposed changes to the Quota Plan.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: It is my --

MS. DIAZ: So, my testimony is neutral.

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HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: It is my understanding you will be listing Exhibits A through P; is that correct?

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Thank you. You may proceed.

MS. DIAZ: That is correct.

MS. DIAZ: Thank you. Exhibit A is the Official Notice of Public Forums and a Public Hearing issued by the Department of Food and Agriculture on July 1, 2024.

B, the Official Notice of Public Hearing issued by the Department on August 16, 2024.

C is a copy of the Quota Implementation Plan issued pursuant to Division 21, Part 3, Chapter 3.5, Section 62757 of the Food and Ag Code.

D is the Current Roster of the Producer Review

Board.

E is the memo to the PRB proposing changes to -memo to the PRB proposing changes to the QIP. This was
discussed on May 1, 2024 by the PRB.

We also have a draft copy of the Producer Review Board Minutes for the meeting held, the PRB meeting held on May 1, 2024.

Exhibit G is the Official Notice to Industry to Consider Changes to the QIP that was Issued by the Department on June 5, 2024.

Exhibit H is the 5-year Effectiveness Survey conducted by Research America and presented to the PRB on February 2, 2024.

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Exhibit I is the presentation -- Exhibit I is the presentation that the Department shared at the public forums, PowerPoint presentation.

Exhibit J is a summary of the public forum that took place on July 29, 2024.

Exhibit K is a summary of the public forum that took place in Modesto on August 8, 2024.

Exhibit L are notes for the public forum that was held in Tulare on August 9, 2024.

Exhibit M is a description, a PowerPoint presentation of the Quota Implementation Plan Assessment Cycle.

Exhibit N is an explanation of how the Producer List is compiled, as presented to PRB on February 2, 2024.

Let's see. Exhibit O is information about the United Dairy Families of California Petition to Amend the Quota Implementation Plan. There are some documents, subsections 1 through 5, with all the documentation that was put together by economists and researchers that were involved in that process, for the industry to consider. This is being included as historical records since it is mentioned as part of the proposal as one of the foundations

for the origin of the plan to change, the Quota Implementation Plan.

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And finally, Exhibit P is a copy of the Quota Implementation Plan Petition Procedures.

All of these are public documents. That concludes the Exhibits, the list of Exhibits.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Thank you, Ms. Diaz.

(Exhibits A-P were entered into the record.)

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: It is important to note that there may be additional exhibits that today's witnesses may wish to enter into the hearing record. If you would like to submit written comments or any additional exhibits, we will accept written comments and/or exhibits until 5:00 p.m. today. Please e-mail your written comments to David Ko at David.Ko@cdfa.ca.gov.

When you are taking your turn to speak, please let me know if you would like to enter your comments into the official record and I can assign it an exhibit number or letter.

We will now begin receiving public testimony pertinent to the call of this hearing. All persons who are in attendance today will have the opportunity to provide oral comments.

I will be calling upon individuals to testify.

If you know you would not like to offer comments today, you

may send us a message in the Chat to inform us when we call your name. Everyone is welcome to attend this hearing regardless of whether or not they wish to provide comments.

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If any witness has any time constraint that would preclude you from waiting for a turn, please let us know at this time so we can make arrangements accordingly.

Oral testimony will be received under oath or affirmation. Members of the audience may not ask questions of the witnesses, nor spontaneously respond to the content of anyone's testimony.

To improve the audio for this hearing, please mute your device unless you are attempting to speak.

Each witness will have up to 20 minutes to testify followed by questions, if any, from the panel. After we hear from everyone who wishes to testify, if a prior commenter wishes to comment further, he or she will be allowed to do so if time permits. And there will be about a 10-minute time frame on those if we have time.

Please be prepared to testify when I call your name. So, our first person to testify will be Frank Konyn. Frank, are you there?

MR. KONYN: I am unmuted, I am starting video. I wasn't quite ready, but hey, I'm ready now.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: All right, All right.

MR. KONYN: All right. So, so my name is --

14 1 HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Hold on, Frank. 2 MR. KONYN: Sorry, John? 3 HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Hold on, Frank, I've got 4 to swear you in. 5 MR. KONYN: Okay. HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: All right. So, please 6 7 state your name and spell your last name. 8 MR. KONYN: My name is Frank Konyn, K-O-N-Y-N. 9 HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Please raise your right 10 hand. 11 Whereupon, 12 FRANK KONYN 13 was duly sworn. 14 HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Please identify your 15 business status. 16 MR. KONYN: I am a dairyman. HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: And are you speaking on 17 behalf of anybody else? 18 19 MR. KONYN: I am, I am a dairyman, I am a member 20 of the PRB. I was instrumental in authoring this proposal, 21 and today I would speak as just a -- boy, I don't know. 22 I'd speak as a dairyman and a -- I speak as a dairyman. 2.3 cannot speak on behalf of the PRB. But as a dairyman I 24 can, I can reiterate what the PRB did.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Thank you.

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MR. KONYN: Is that fair?

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HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: That's fair. Do you have any exhibits that you would like entered into the record, Frank?

MR. KONYN: No, thank you.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Okay, please proceed.

MR. KONYN: So, as I mentioned, my name is Frank Konyn. I am a dairyman, a member of the Producer Review Board, and an author of this proposal that was adopted by the PRB through a super-majority.

The history of quota was originally tied to Class 1 sales and currently those sales are declining. The purpose of this vote is not to eliminate quota but to bring it back in line with how it was historically designed. The intent of the proposed change is to try to bring consensus to an industry, and to take the edge off of a polarizing issue. The proposal provides a compromise for both quota holders and non-quota holders because the proposed \$1.00 payout is a fair market justified return and it provides a fair market justified compromise.

Additionally, the proposal would remove the Regional Quota Adjusters and make language changes to the definitions of "hardship" and a "producer" to bring the Plan back in sync with what it was under the original California Milk Pooling Program. The calculations used for

this proposal are consistent with those that were proposed by the economist Dr. Marin Bozic who was hired by the United Dairy Families to conduct an economic analysis for the California Dairy Industry back in 2019.

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After several meetings with rigorous review, the Producer Review Board ultimately decided to support this proposal with a super majority vote and that is why we are here today.

Quota was established in 1967 to bring shippers that had fluid contracts into a pooling system in order to bring stability to the California dairy industry. It was the hope that by the mid-1980s through continued growth of the Class 1 fluid market in California that everyone would be equalized as 100% quota holders. This never occurred because our production capabilities grew faster than the fluid demand. This has set up the continual conflicts that we have endured between quota and non-quota holders over the years.

It was the original intention of the 1991/1992 Blue Ribbon Committee that the fixed quota differential of \$1.70/cwt starting in January of 1994 would allow a continuous positive return for quota holders, because up until that point quota holders experienced times when they actually got less for their milk than over-base holders did. And in addition would allow additional revenues

collected above the cost of the \$1.70 to be disbursed over all over-base milk, enhancing all producers.

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According to the August 2007 CDFA California Dairy Review, from 1994 to 2007 that program allowed an additional \$183 million to go away from quota holders to all over-base milk.

If we fast forward to the current Federal Milk Marketing Order time period of November 2018 through today, a much shorter time period, roughly half the time period, quota holders have been paid an additional \$280 million dollars in excess of what was generated by Class 1 revenue. This is roughly about \$50 million per year, and it increases each year as fluid sales decrease.

In 1994 when that fixed \$1.70/cwt was hardwired into legislation, quota revenue was no longer tied to Class 1 sales. And since then, our consuming public now eats their dairy products more then they drink their dairy products, and our pricing system needs to be adjusted to reflect this continuing change.

Thirty years of changes since 1994 have occurred in our industry, and the current system regarding quota payouts is outdated and has strayed from the original intent of the creators. Equity demanded that the Producer Review Board make much needed amendments to our pricing system. I first gave a presentation to the PRB on May 25,

2023. And at that time my initial presentation fell flat. The Board didn't take any action.

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However, the PRB continued to watch over the last year as our industry was changing. They noted the continual onslaught of petitions to terminate quota, they saw the numerous hardship requests. The PRB noted that our industry was concerned. They saw this through the responses of the five-year QIP review, as well as the number of producers that would show up in the audience at our meetings.

Since we moved towards a Federal Order system, the California dairy industry has lost the ability to have a robust CDFA staff that was dedicated to collecting and hosting a lot of our industry data. Any computations today are no longer an exact science since California is part Federal Order and part State Quota Implementation Plan; and the industry needed to come up with something that fit that hybrid model without increasing CDFA staff and creating more data management.

The original Blue Ribbon Committee felt that a fixed differential was sufficient, and that we have operated under for the last 30 years. And today the industry can continue with those same intentions with a few minor changes.

On behalf of the PRB, I did an analysis of Class

1 revenue and quota payouts during the time that our California dairy industry was part of the Federal Order. The spreadsheet I developed combined information from the California Federal Milk Marketing Order as well as from CDFA. Through that I proposed through the referendum that we are under right now that the \$1.70/cwt should be reduced to \$1.00/cwt. The \$1.00/cwt approximates the actual true Class 1 revenue over the last five years that would have been available to pay out to quota holders.

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The most recent two-year period indicates the continued downward trend in fluid milk sales, and further indicates that a fair price could be as low as \$0.96. The last six months maybe the fair price would have been \$0.94. And even if you look at the last 2 months, we're in the summer now, schools are out, fluid milk is down, that payout could be as low as \$0.92. So, if we're choosing \$1.00, I think we are being very fair to quota holders.

So, we took -- these numbers were calculated by taking the Class 1 Differential Rate, minus the Location Differential, multiplying that by the amount of Class 1 Pooled Milk, to determine Class 1 income available to be dispersed to quota holders. Any other way of computation of Class 1 income becomes onerous as it would involve using estimates.

The PRB also proposes in this referendum that

Regional Quota Adjusters in Section 803 of the QIP be terminated. When California moved to a Federal Order in 2018, Regional Quota Adjusters became an archaic, redundant relic that was left over and has been supplanted by the location differentials in the Federal Order.

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Lastly, the current QIP program lacks clarity on the definition of hardship. We propose that language needs to be added to clarify hardship, and return the definition back to its historical interpretation under the former Pooling Plan. Language would be added to this referendum, language was added to this referendum that future hardship requests would be limited to granting relief strictly from provisions regarding eligibility, exemptions, and transfers.

One of the benefits of this proposal for quota holders is the strengthening of the hardship language. There have been many hardship cases brought before the PRB since the start of the QIP. When the Plan was originally written, the hardship language was unintentionally omitted, which is where the PRB struggles with how to review the requests for hardship. The PRB knows what the intent of the definition of hardship was but would like to have that language written into the Plan for when they consider future hardship cases.

At the last two PRB meetings, there were no less

than 10 hardship cases that were on the agenda to consider. The Board has decided to table a decision on those cases because the PRB supports strengthening the hardship language in the Plan with this proposal.

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If the referendum does not pass, it will be difficult for the PRB to continue kicking the can down the road on these hardship cases. Looking at the wording in the Plan, even quota holders could claim hardship, and if approved then they would be exempt from paying the quota assessment but would still receive their quota payment.

The less assessments that are collected to support the program, the quicker the assessment rate will go up for those remaining producers that are paying the assessment. This proposal offers some security for the future of quota and is a good compromise.

The only thing that I would add -- those were my written comments that I had in anticipation. The only thing that I would add is that I did travel the state.

There were three actual meetings that we had. I would say that each meeting had a very distinct, different angle that had to do with, you know, what was the locale. Obviously, the North Bay area is going to be different than, say Tulare, and that was reflected in the comments that were made at the meetings. I appreciated visiting with dairyman up and down the state.

I think that there is a general recognition that this current system that we're operating on, it has been status quo for 30 years. Our industry has changed and this is, this is an important time for us to make some decisions. Whether you are a quota holder or a non-quota holder, this is going to bring us a little bit back towards the center of the road and take away from the volatility that surrounds quota today. That would conclude my comments unless there's any questions.

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HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Questions of Mr. Konyn from the panel. We'll start with Joe.

MR. MONSON: Thank you, Mr. Konyn, for your testimony. Can you for the record provide a little more information about your dairy operation, like size, location.

MR. KONYN: I am in San Diego County, so I am the last dairy left in San Diego County. Milking and dry. I'm a little over 1,000 cows. And, you know, I guess one of the things that I'm always proud of is, people say, how do you manage to still dairy in San Diego County? And that's we have done a lot of diversification. And I think that that's reflective of the people that are left in the California dairy industry. It's difficult to operate as just a dairyman. I think all of us need and rely on diversification. For me, I have a composting business, I

also do farming, and I also have a trucking business that picks up a lot of local byproducts that we upcycle to our cows.

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MR. MONSON: Thank you. And then my last question, how would these changes to the Plan impact the industry as a whole? Things like milk supply.

You know, I'm not -- I appreciate MR. KONYN: that question. In talking around with people more educated than me I am not anticipating a -- I am not anticipating a dramatic effect or even really a noticeable effect to the, to the production side of the issue. I know that there's -- you know, as we went through the numbers at our Tulare meeting, and I don't have those numbers right in front of me right now, but the overall, if you were a 100% quota holder, the fact that you're doing away with the RQAs, the fact that, yes, you will receive less for -- you won't receive your \$1.70, or, in the case of Tulare I think \$1.46, \$1.47, but your assessment will be less also. And so, in the Tulare area it came to a full quota holder might realize a net effect of only 21 cents less per hundredweight of milk shipped.

MR. MONSON: Thank you, Mr. Konyn, no further questions from me.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Ben, do you have any questions?

MR. KARDOKUS: Just one, sir. The language changes to the hardship, is the intention of that to reduce the number of hardship cases?

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MR. KONYN: The intent is to return it back to what was originally part of the California Milk Marketing Order. So that was, that was the original language, and that language may have already been going back all the way to the original Pooling Act of 1967. The PRB recognizes that that language was omitted when the QIP was created, and as a result it has created a loophole for people to undermine the QIP program.

Because if you -- and even with CDFA's Legal, and now speaking or saying as when I sat in the rooms with PRB and we would have Legal giving us recommendations. Legal was recommending that we go with the original intent, but was acknowledging that the current language was vague and not reflective of that original intent.

And so, we recognize, the PRB recognizes that there could be -- once -- if the PRB were to start to accept some of these hardship cases with the vague language that we operate under today, you could have a snowball effect where more and more hardship cases would come in and that would be a back door undermining of the QIP program. Because you would, you would, you would have a rapidly declining base of people that you would be assessing to

create the QIP fund.

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MR. KARDOKUS: Thank you for the answer.

I have no further questions.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: David, any questions?

MR. KO: No questions from me.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Okay, Mr. Konyn, thank you very much for your testimony.

MR. KONYN: And John, you know, just like the last time, if people -- or the three meetings. I know that this is a hearing, it's a little bit different. But if anybody wants to come back to me with a question, I'll take a shot, I'll stand up here.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Thank you.

Is there anybody that would like to testify now? If you could raise your hand. If not, I will just go down the list of the participants and you can say yes or no as I go down the list. Understanding, I apologize if I mispronounce some people's names. And if the way you're registered for your device is not who you are, I'm just going by what the device tells me when I go down through here. Is anybody raising their hand? Okay, seeing nobody raising their hand we will just go down the list here.

The first one will be B Jensen. Oh, sorry.

Craig. Craig. Mr. Gordon, you are the first.

MR. GORDON: Okay. Can you hear me?

26 HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Yes, sir. 1 2 MR. GORDON: Okay, great. 3 HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Before you go --4 MR. GORDON: Okay. You sunset a referendum --5 HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Craig, one second, I 6 need to swear you in, sir. 7 MR. GORDON: Yeah. 8 HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Okay. 9 MR. GORDON: Okay. 10 HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Please state your name, 11 spell your last name. MR. GORDON: My name is Craig Gordon, G-O-R-D-O-12 13 Ν. 14 Whereupon, 15 CRAIG GORDON 16 was duly sworn. 17 HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Please identify your 18 business status. 19 MR. GORDON: I'm a dairyman in Southern 20 California. I also have a commodities brokerage, and I 21 also sell hay. 2.2 HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Okay. 23 MR. GORDON: I'm a member, I was a member of the

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Okay, thank you. Do you

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PRB board, excuse me.

wish to submit any written testimony or documents as an
exhibit?

MR. GORDON: Yes, I would like to represent, the speech I'm going to give here.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Okay, thank you. You will be Exhibit number Q.

(Exhibit Q was entered into the record.)

8 MR. GORDON: Thank you, John. It's good to see 9 you as the moderator too. Thank you.

10 HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Thank you.

MR. GORDON: Am I ready?

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Yes, sir, please

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MR. GORDON: The number one question that has to be asked about Frank's proposal is what I brought up in Tulare: Is the QIP legal? And if so, is the process a

17 fair and transparent process?

According to the former lead counsel of CDFA Michelle Dias, and we have the video on our web site where she says we did not follow the regulatory process, we did not turn it into the APA, and that is how the QIP is operating today.

I called the APA after that meeting and spoke with an attorney and asked him to look up the regulation called the Quota Implementation Plan. After about 5

minutes he came back and said, how do you spell it. I spelled it and told him where he could find it, in the Food and AG Code Division 21, in Chapter 3.5, Section 62757. He came back and said he checked everything that had to do with dairy and there is not anything called the QIP.

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He then asked me why I was calling him. I told him that CDFA was taking \$29,000 out of my check every month and handing it over to another dairyman and I get nothing in return. He said they cannot do that, that is impossible. I said, why? He said, that's an underground regulation and they cannot enforce that. I said, well, they're taking it. He said, can you prove it? I said, don't hang up. I'll fax you my milk statements and I'll show you they're taking my money. When he received those he said, I will send you the complaint forms to fill out, send them back and we'll start the process. I filled them out and sent them.

I received a letter a couple of weeks later and it said, Mr. Gordon, we are not saying you are right or wrong, we just are not going to investigate your complaint.

This is the first reason we should not trust the process, CDFA and the AG's Office.

I got a letter from the FPPC, which is the Fair
Political Practice Commission, when I sent them a complaint
form about the PRB Board voting on issues that meant huge

monetary rewards for individual members of the Board.

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I was told by the FPPC to recluse (sic) myself because it was a conflict of interest to vote on the QIP petitions, since it meant a monetary reward to my business.

I told that to the PRB what the FPPC had told me, but they went ahead and voted on the petitions anyways. I filed a complaint. I got the same letter I had received from the OAL. We are not saying you're right or wrong, we are just not going to investigate this complaint.

This is the second reason we should not trust the process and CDFA and the AG's Office.

The PRB that put the QIP together in 2017 and of which I was a member, was composed of 14 quota holders, 1 non-quota holder, and 2 quota alternates. Despite numerous attempts over the last six years to get fair representation for the 45% of the non-quota dairyman that pay into this billion-dollar tax, the PRB is today made up of 14 quota holders, 1 non-quota holder, but we do have 2 non-quota holding alternates.

The first rule of business that the PRB came up with: If you want to make any changes to the program it must first go through this unfair, unethical, and biased quota PRB Board. They certainly have not followed Section 62719.

This is the third reason that we should not trust

the process and CDFA or the AG's Office.

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When we, Stop QIP, tried to get a referendum to terminate Chapter 3.5 according to Chapter 3.5 rules for termination, Judge Aspinwall denied our request and here is his quote: The petition is legally defective because it calls for the suspension of Chapter 3.5, including section 62757, based on the Chapter 3.5 referendum procedures and voting thresholds. For this reason, and for all the reasons set forth herein, the Secretary is not required to conduct a referendum on a petition and should not do so.

But basically, he told us we should not use the procedures in Chapter 3.5 to conduct a referendum to terminate Chapter 3.5. Let that sink in.

It's the fourth reason we should not trust the process and CDFA and the AG's Office.

Deputy Attorney General Matthew Goldman and Save QIP attorney Niall McCarthy argued to Judge Aspinwall that Chapter 3, not Chapter 3.5, was the way to termination. So, we filed a writ claiming the QIP was illegal because CDFA did not follow the rules in Chapter 3 when we made the QIP.

Number one, in Section 62716 it calls for a hearing. CDFA did not have a hearing.

Number two, it requires CDFA to submit a pooling plan. The QIP is not a pooling plan, the feds are pooling

the milk.

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Number three requires a ballot that says, do you approve of the new pooling plan, yes or no. That was not the ballot they used. In fact, it was the ballot for the Federal Order.

Number four, the only thing we've complied with was the supermajority needed to approve of the referendum by 65% from Section 62717. As you know, the Board was not even close to being representative of the industry, so Section 62719 made it 1 for 5 of what was required by statute. Hardly legal.

Mr. McCarthy and Matthew Goldman presented their arguments that the QIP really resided in Chapter 3.5 now and Chapter 3 was irrelevant now. They went on to say that if the legislature wanted to have a hearing like Chapter 3 said, they would have put the word hearing in 62757 of Chapter 3.5. It should be noted that 62757 does not have the word 65% super-majority either. Goldman and McCarthy did a complete 360 on the issue and clearly do not understand the words, pursuant to.

In fact, both McCarthy and Goldman said that with the establishment of the Federal Order, the California order was suspended and terminated. Our writ was not good since the California order was terminated. The California order that contains Chapter 3 and 3.5 were now gone. It

was a housekeeping matter. I will let that sink in.

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The fifth reason we should not trust the process and CDFA and the AG's Office.

CDI, Land of Lakes, DFA, StopQIP, Western United Dairymen, which represent over 85% of the industry, wrote a letter to Secretary Ross asking her if Chapter 3.5 was suspended or terminated what would happen to the QIP. She responded back in a letter that if Chapter 3.5 was suspended or terminated she would no longer have the authority to implement the QIP. We sent the Secretary all of the court papers where McCarthy and Goldman said that Chapter 3.5 was gone, a housekeeping matter, but she disregarded her letter she sent to us and she is still charging us the illegal tax.

The sixth reason we should not trust the process and CDFA and the AG's Office.

Why do we call it illegal? Because on June 15, 2017, we the PRB received from CDFA staff this assessment of legal considerations where it said, vulnerable to a legal challenge because it results in the imposition of a tax upon producers in the absence of a direct benefit as required by the California Constitution. It's a constitutional right that is being abused here.

This is the seventh reason we should not trust the process and CDFA and the AG's Office.

It was recently said by Judge Krueger of the superior court in Sacramento, Gordon v. Ross Case Number 34-2022-00328732-CU-MC-GDS that the QIP does not require the Plaintiff to surrender any of his milk to the QIP. The plaintiff being Craig Gordon Dairies. When we tried to get our co-ops to quit taking our milk based on this, CDFA told our co-ops that we misunderstood what the judge clearly said. This is another example of CDFA denying us our constitutional rights. And CDFA is clearly not neutral but an adversary to the non-quota producers and is willing to cross the ethical lines and commit illegal acts to support quota.

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This is the eighth reason we should not trust the process and CDFA and the AG's Office.

According to Jim Houston the former undersecretary of CDFA, the sole drafter of the standalone quota program called the QIP, submitted a 9-page declaration at the first hearing on the 3.5 challenge. It is filled with distortions, unfounded truths, outright contradictions and biased exaggerations. Look at some of his statements about the creation of the QIP.

Of his 9-page declaration, page 2, line 11-12: The California FMMO provides CDFA with the authority to establish a standalone quota program.

Line 22: Establish the standalone quota.

Line 26: Clear statutory authority to create the standalone program.

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Page 3 line 2 and 3: Sponsor legislation that would give CDFA a clear grant of statutory authority to create a standalone quota program.

Line 13 and 14: To be as noncontroversial and easy to get through the legislature as possible.

Line 19: Receive little legislative scrutiny.

Page 4 line 20 and 21: The PRB at that time were fairly representative of the dairy industry. And we all know that's not true. I was shocked that my senator from my home district would vote yes on SB 92 into law, hurting so many of the dairies in her district, let alone the state.

We contacted Senator Leyva, a well-respected twoterm senator, and asked her about her vote. And she replied it was the senator's understanding that it will not harm dairies and it was just extending an existing program that was already in place. No wonder it passed the legislature so easily without legislative scrutiny. Mr. Houston did not tell the legislature what is in his declaration up above I just read to you. That it is a new plan. And the QIP, which he was the author of, was going to harm over 60% of the dairy industry.

This is the ninth reason we should not trust the

process and CDFA and the AG's Office.

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We were told by Secretary Ross at the beginning of the PRB meetings back in 2017 that the legislature does not want marketing programs to go on and on forever.

June 15, 2017, page 20 of our handbook, CDFA staff called, Continuation Hearing Standalone -(transmission froze) -- quota program. Assessment funded programs at CDFA are required to be reviewed every five years to determine if the industry supports the continuation of the program. CDFA holds a continuation hearing where witnesses provide testimony regarding whether the program should be continued. If the hearing record contains overwhelming support for the continuation of the standalone program the Secretary will announce its continuation. If the hearing record contains a mixture of both support and opposition, CDFA will hold a producer referendum to determine if the standalone program will continue.

Western United Dairymen and Mel Gadbut and others opposed this and here is what the CDFA staff told them. The PRB received significant input from CDFA and deliberated at length on this issue. As explained by CDFA, unlike the current program, the QIP will be funded by direct assessments from producers, and as a result, should include this review process. The review process is

consistent with other CDFA programs. Well, we asked for a year at the PRB meetings and sent multiple letters to the Secretary. And the fifth year came and went, and we were refused our request for the hearing.

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This is the tenth reason we should not trust the process and CDFA and the AG's Office.

Former lead counsel Michelle Dias sent this email to the APA: In issuing a marketing order per referendum under the California Marketing Act, CMA, it is on point in this case as the Quota Implementation Plan at issue here is a Milk Marketing Pooling Plan issued per referendum under the CMA.

Yet we were told by CDFA staff at a PRB meeting, and it was a public meeting, so we have this recorded, that the QIP is not a marketing order and we were to ignore everything that Michelle Dias had said because she didn't know what she was talking about and she no longer worked there.

The eleventh reason we should not trust the process, CDFA and the AG's Office.

Our original petition that Stop QIP turned in with over 280 signatures to terminate the QIP was rejected by CDFA because they said that the petition had some 83 invalid petitions. To this day we have not seen the 83 invalid petitions. Despite numerous attempts, CDFA refuses

to let us see which ones were invalid.

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This is the twelfth reason we should not trust the process, CDFA and the AG's Office.

The sunset referendum. We asked for transparency in the referendum process and were refused, as we are being refused now, by CDFA. We were told to trust CDFA, the staff and the auditors. There were people that would lose their jobs if we were successful with the sunset.

The Sunset was a complete disaster like we anticipated. We had multiple dairyman that did not receive ballots, 37 addresses the post office said did not exist in the system, one dead dairyman, and 57 ballots that came in after the deadline but postmarked before the deadline, but CDFA refuses to let us know how those votes were cast.

We called every one of our dairymen. We confirmed that over 54% of the dairyman voted yes on the sunset, not the 49.1 CDFA announced. We are convinced that we won the sunset. But we will never know as long as we are not part of the process. You can have a referendum that is fully transparent without giving up who and the how each dairyman voted.

And who turns down transparency? There can only be one reason that anybody would refuse transparency like CDFA is doing today. We all know the answer to that one.

This is the thirteenth reason we should not trust

the process and CDFA and the AG's Office.

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The staff violated a rule concerning a transfer of quota that was filled out wrong. We brought it up three or four times to the PRB and CDFA, yet they refused to deal with it. That was the Slanders producer transfer.

This is the fourteenth reason we should not trust the process and CDFA and the AG's Office.

Over a dozen hardship cases being turned down without any discussion of the individual merits of each case.

This is the fifteenth reason we should not trust the process and CDFA and the AG's Office.

Now here is one you've got to hear. The stealing of over \$2 million, the stealing of over \$2 million from dairyman that sold their cows but were overcharged on their assessments to the QIP by CDFA prior to them selling their cows. They were entitled to a refund from the state for overcharging them, but the PRB and CDFA staff told them they were not dairyman anymore and were not entitled to a refund by CDFA. Now, they say there is no place, there is no place anywhere to give a refund to the producers in the Codes.

Well, that is not true. I read them. Article 2 of the Food and AG Code under CDFA Sections 221, 302, and specifically 303c, a refund may be made in whole or in part

in any of the following instances. The payment of a fee, a tax, or an assessment representing an overpayment.

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And still they denied those dairyman their money that were active when they overcharged, but not active today. A crime was committed here called robbery. They overcharged Larry Marinho, Paul Riberio, Mark Marinho, Glen Tadema, Barbara Stickman, Bill Koot, Jake De Raat, and Bryan Vanderdussen, just to name a few. CDFA gave their money they overcharged to these dairyman, back to the PRB and any dairyman that was active that day. It is one thing to get run out of business because of quota but talk about salt in the wounds.

The sixteenth reason we should not trust the process, CDFA and the AG's Office.

Six separate legal petitions filed by over 300 dairyman every time were all turned down with lame explanations. One being, we printed the date on the signature data of the dairymen. Absolutely absurd.

These are the seventeenth, eighteenth, nineteenth, twentieth, twenty-first, and now 22 more reasons we should not trust the process and CDFA and the AG's Office.

And in conclusion, only a complete idiot would expect us to get anything remotely fair or honest from CDFA or to expect any help from the corrupted office of the AG.

But we are not going to just quit because our government has been corrupted. We will find a judge somewhere in California or a federal judge that will bring down this house of cards and deliver justice to those involved. Because there is no way in America that you can take a person's property, milk or cash, and give him nothing in return.

Thank you for my time, I am free to answer any questions you might have at the end. I would also like to speak again, I've got about two more minutes or something.

I will vote for Frank Konyn's proposal; I'm voting yes. Thank you, Frank, for all of your hard work on trying to rectifying this quota overpayment. It should be noted that Frank is a quota holder, he is a very, very good man. Thank you.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Thank you, Mr. Gordon.

Joe, do you have any questions?

MR. MONSON: No questions from me. Thank you,

19 Mr. Gordon.

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HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Ben?

MR. KARDOKUS: None from me.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: David?

MR. KO: No questions from me, thank you.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Mr. Gordon, you said you

25 would like to talk again at the end; is that correct?

MR. GORDON: Yeah, I've just got a couple things.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Okay. You get 10

minutes at the end too if we have time.

MR. GORDON: Thank you.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: You bet.

Alex DeJager, you have your hand up?

MR. DEJAGER: Yeah.

8 HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Mr. DeJager, can I swear

9 you in, please?

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MR. DEJAGER: Sure.

11 HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Okay. Please state your

12 name and spell your last name.

13 MR. DEJAGER: Alex DeJager, D-E-J-A-G-E-R.

14 Whereupon,

15 ALEX DEJAGER

16 was duly sworn.

17 HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Please identify your

18 business status, please.

MR. DEJAGER: I'm a dairy farmer.

20 HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Thank you very much.

21 You may proceed. Oh, excuse me. Do you have any exhibits

22 you would like to present?

MR. DEJAGER: No.

24 HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: No? Okay. Please start

25 your testimony.

MR. DEJAGER: I was at the Modesto meeting a few weeks back and I proposed the question to Kathy and the CDFA if we could separate each one of these items in this referendum as a different vote. Kathy said that they would look into it, and I hadn't heard back whether that was going to be an option or not. Because there are a lot of producers that agree with one, two or three of these votes, but not all of them.

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So, we would like to get them split up into three separate votes. Because I agree with the hardship, and I do not agree with the other two. So anyway, just wondering where we are on that. And I appreciate the testimony from Craig, even though it had nothing to do with the hearing we are doing today. So, that's it, thanks.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Mr. DeJager, we will answer that question at the end of the, at the end of the session after everybody has had a chance to speak. So, we have it notated down and we will respond to your question then.

Where's my list? Anthony Agueda, would you like to testify?

ANTHONY AGUEDA: No, thank you.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Thank you. Thank you for participating. Barbara, or who has ever signed on as Barbara?

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1	BARBARA: No, thank you.
2	HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Thank you. Carol?
3	Carol, if you're trying to talk you need to unmute. Or if
4	you don't want to talk there you go.
5	CAROL: Yeah, I'm just listening, thank you.
6	HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Thank you very much.
7	Charlene Viera. Whoever is signed in as Charlene
8	Vieira. You might need to unmute if you're trying to talk.
9	(No audible response.)
10	HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Hearing nobody we will
11	proceed on. Ching Lee?
12	CHING LEE: I'm just listening.
13	HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Thank you.
14	Debbie Azevedo?
15	DEBBIE AZEVEDO: Not at this time.
16	HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Thank you. Doreen Dyt?
17	DOREEN DYT: No, thank you.
18	HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Geoff Vanden Heuvel?
19	JEFF VANDEN HEUVEL: No, no comments.
20	HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Thank you. Jeff Troost?
21	JEFF TROOST: No, thank you.
22	HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: John Schonveld?
23	JOHN SCHONVELD: No, thank you.
24	HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Johnny H?
25	JOHNNY H: No, thank you.

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1	HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Kierstan Rhodes?
2	KIERSTAN RHODES: No, thank you.
3	HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Lynne McBride?
4	LYNNE MCBRIDE: I have no comments, thank you.
5	HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Mar?
6	(No audible response.)
7	HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: M. Avila? You might
8	need to unmute if you want to talk. There you go. Any
9	questions, any comments?
10	(No audible response.)
11	HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Old River Cattle? Old
12	River Cattle might need to unmute.
13	(No audible response.)
14	HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Hearing none we will
15	continue on. Paul Sousa?
16	PAUL SOUSA: I have no testimony, thank you.
17	HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Thank you.
18	Peter Weber? Never mind.
19	Ramon Echeverria? Ramon Echeverria?
20	R. Leonardo?
21	R. LEONARDO: No comment at this time.
22	HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Thank you.
23	Roni? Oh, just listening. Thank you.
24	HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Simon Vander Woude?
25	SIMON VANDER WOUDE: No comment.

46 1 HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Thank you. Okay, 559-2 280-1850? 1850, no comment? 3 (No audible response.) 4 HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: 559-623-1858? 5 (No audible response). HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: No comment. 559-901-6 0372? 7 8 559-901-0372: No comment, no comment. 9 HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Thank you very much. 661-378-2320? 10 11 (No audible response.) 12 HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Hearing none, I think we 13 already had Susie before. That brings us to the conclusion 14 of people wanting to give testimony, unless there's 15 somebody else that would now like to talk or to give some 16 testimony then we went through that list. If you do, please raise your hand. 17 18 So, I guess we'll now go back to the 10-minute 19 time frame. So, with only two speakers we will start with 20 Frank. Mr. Konyn, do you have any more comments or 21 anything you would like to add? And then, Mr. Gordon, we 2.2 will go with you next after that. 2.3 MR. KONYN: Thank you, John. I think that the 24 one thing that I would want to add is for those that do 25 have quota, and I know that there's a certain amount of

people out there that are going to vote with their pocketbooks, and they have that right.

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But what I'm imploring is that there's also a percentage of people out there that are significant quota holders, and I'm asking them to look at this with their hearts and say, is this the right thing to do? It is the right thing to do. Historically, quota has always been tied to Class 1 sales. And if Class 1 sales have gone down, we need to correct the errors that were made in the '90s when we fixed it at \$1.70 with no ability to make changes or review. And this is a time that we need to step up and do what's right.

For those that that do vote with their hearts and recognize that we're trying to do right by the industry, I applaud you. And for those that are voting with their pocketbooks, you have that right. But I think that to a certain extent, you know, you need to recognize that in order to -- since it is not being -- since the income is not being derived from just Class 1 sales, what we are effectively doing is taking money away.

There is an assessment, but that assessment doesn't cross-reference the Class 1 revenue. And so, we're going to be taking away money from other classes of milk, in a sense, to cover that assessment cost. And so, I just -- it's a sincere hope that dairyman vote with their hearts

and make that courageous vote of what is right, instead of voting with their pocketbook for their own personal interest. Thank you.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Thank you, Frank.

Mr. Gordon.

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MR. GORDON: I would like to get this read into the record because we'll need this for later on down the road. On that corrected ballot that we approved the QIP by, I want to read the wording of that. It says:

Shall the Quota Implementation Plan become effective if a Federal Milk Market Order is promulgated in California? That's the words that they use. I think it's very important we have it on the record.

The other thing was, Alex was right in his question, DeJager, about what I was all saying. It wasn't really wasn't about the actual 38 cents or the buck 40 or change, but it was part of the -- what this hearing is about.

It doesn't make any difference all the things we talk about and argue about and put together your changing of the hardship and changing these numbers. If we turn in our votes and we're all done and they say, hup, you lost by three votes. What do you mean we lost by three votes? We can't see the votes or know the votes.

I've demonstrated to all these things here, all

these things that we trust what CDFA tells us, the courts tell us, what the attorneys tell us, what everybody tells us. We are constantly lied to.

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We know that the sunset was not the numbers that they used.

So how do we know if we go through with this, you guys hold the referendum two weeks from now, a month from now. What I'm saying is, what difference does it make if we're not counting the votes right? If some are falling into the trash can. How do we know? Unless we have transparency. We have to have transparency on these votes for us to believe in the system.

I'm telling you we don't believe in the system because that's what we're told. 283 petitions we turned in, ah, 83 are no good. Okay, we see which 83 so we don't keep turning them in. We want to know who turned in bad petitions. Nope, can't see those. Oh, okay. Well, we had dead guys, 37 addresses don't exist, nobody does a damn thing about it.

And then you ask us to cover this thing too.

Let's give our answers to some questions and put this all together, a nice little program Frank did. What difference does it make if it's not going to be counted right? Get just turned down without any transparency so we could see if the election was fair. We have offered to come forward

with no cost. We want to be there when we have the list of dairymen that's accepted by CDFA, who can sign for that for CDFA. We want to be there when those ballots are printed and put into the mailbox, and we want to be there when they come in. And when we see these counted so we will help. And what we've always asked for is one -- (transmission froze) -- approval with transparency and this all goes away. All goes away. But they won't give it to us, So I have to ask, do we really trust CDFA? Are they just neutral? Hell no, they're not. So that's what we have brought to the Board.

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Everything I said here, I can document everything. I have the papers, the documentation, the recordings, whatever you guys need. But it's a serious, serious problem, John, we've got.

And I just, I don't know what else to say. This is happening all the time. Peter is a good guy, Hyatt is a good guy, the Secretary is a nice lady. But the quota people have a lot of money, buying a lot of influence, and we are -- They're breaking the law every time you turn around.

That PRB board being 14 to 1 is a joke. It's a joke. It's a joke. It's a joke. It should be 8 to 7. So, every issue we bring in front of us gets voted down, voted down, voted down. I mean, it's a joke. It's not fair. And nobody out

in the public will tell you that's fair. And I think you four gentlemen I'm looking at right here on the screen can't tell me that 14 to 1 is a fair representation of the dairy industry.

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I've lost too many friends. We lose one a week. Fourth generation people going out of business because of this goddamn tax. And nobody's fighting for them. Five hundred-plus dairies gone in the last six years. Come February 1, we will have paid these quota guys \$1 billion; \$1 billion in 6.3 years.

So, no one should be feeling sorry if the quota goes out, they have received over five to six billion dollars over the last -- since 1969. That is -- I can't even wrap my head around that kind of money.

Why did we all of a sudden bring this all up?

Because we didn't know that we were paying these guys until

2017 on that Board when we were going through the Federal

Order and they said, this deduction is now off your check.

What check? What are you talking about? I calculated mine

up; 29 grand you're taking out of my check every month. We

didn't know. Now, some people did know, but not too many

of us. And we've been trying to get rid of this thing ever

since and they don't allow us to have a vote.

So, this vote coming up here, I told Frank and all those guys. I love Frank, he did a lot of hard work on

this thing. I want the thing to be voted completely out, but I will accept the compromise, we'll go that route. Who cares if they're going to cheat on it.

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Tell me why we should trust you when you won't give us transparency? Doesn't cost you a dime to have transparency, not a dime, and you won't let us do it. What does that tell you about you guys. That's all I've got to say.

Thank you though, for having this thing and letting Frank's proposal be discussed, allowing me to talk, I appreciate that. And this is a sad day. Our industry is losing a third of our guys. This is a sad day in our history of agriculture, and nobody over there in Sacramento is doing anything about helping us. All we want is a vote, a lousy vote. You win. We quit. Great day, guys. Thank you very much. Thank you, Frank.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Thank you, Mr. Gordon. And hey, please remember to send that in to David by 5:00 o'clock today so we can keep that on the record, your testimony.

MR. GORDON: I'll get that done, thank you.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Thank you.

Mr. DeJager, Alex? You want to unmute him?

MR. DEJAGER: Yes.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: CDFA will now respond to

your question.

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MR. DEJAGER: Thank you. And I believe that's going to be Kathy. Is she unmuted?

MS. DIAZ: Yes.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Do you want him to repeat the question or are you okay?

MS. DIAZ: I think the question had to do with breaking down the components of the change into different items so they could be voted individually, which is something we did consider.

We put it in the Notice. We did not specify the different changes that were proposed during the public forums. But one of the ones, things that we talked about was having the ballot broken down by question, by component, so that there could be individual votes cast for each of those.

The one thing that when we looked at our records and it became evident was that the proposal as presented to the PRB and accepted by the PRB, it actually mentioned whether they should be separate items. And the proponent, and the PRB agreed with that, was very adamant about the importance of keeping everything in all or nothing.

Because the different portions, the different components of the proposal result in different types of situations actually giving something up, making it a compromise of

some level. So, this was specifically addressed. So, when we went back -- when presented and accepted by the PRB.

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So, when we went back and looked at this, it was determined that it would stray too far from what the PRB had reviewed and had decided was the appropriate way to go when they sent the recommendation to the Department, so that's why we do not anticipate breaking down the questions. Or rather allowing for individual voting by component, it's going to have to be an all or nothing.

MR. DEJAGER: Okay, yeah. Okay, that's the answer, thank you.

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Thank you, Mr. DeJager.

There have been a few people that have joined on after I went through the list. So, if there's anybody now that would like to enter anything into the record, please raise your hand. We don't have a way of unmuting everybody. So, if there's anybody now that would like to talk. If not, this hearing is going to be ending here pretty quick within the next minute or so. Even if I asked you and you said no at the beginning, please raise your hand if you would like to provide any testimony.

(No audible response.)

HEARING OFFICER SUTHER: Okay, hearing there are no further questions I hereby now close this hearing. We appreciate your assistance in providing testimony regarding

the proposed amendments to the QIP. The Department will release the findings regarding the hearing. It is the Department's goal to do so within 30 days of today. Again, thank you all for your participation. Have a great afternoon. (The public hearing concluded at 11:17 a.m.) --000--

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